PREVAILED	Roll Call No
FAILED	Ayes
WITHDRAWN	Noes
RULED OUT OF ORDER	

HOUSE MOTION

MR. SPEAKER:

I move that House Bill 1293 be amended to read as follows:

1	Page 8, between lines 26 and 27, begin a new paragraph and insert:
2	"SECTION 8. IC 6-3-1-3.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.144-2007,
3	SECTION 3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.211-2007, SECTION 19, AND
4	AS AMENDED BY P.L.223-2007, SECTION 1, IS CORRECTED
5	AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
6	JANUARY 1, 2009]: Sec. 3.5. When used in this article, the term
7	"adjusted gross income" shall mean the following:
8	(a) In the case of all individuals, "adjusted gross income" (as
9	defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code), modified as
10	follows:
11	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
12	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
13	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed
14	or allowable pursuant to Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code
15	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
16	level by any state of the United States.
17	(3) Subtract:
18	(A) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2009, one
19	thousand dollars (\$1,000), or in the case of a joint return filed
20	by a husband and wife, subtract for each spouse one thousand
21	dollars (\$1,000);
22	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008,
23	and beginning before January 1, 2010, two thousand
24	dollars (\$2,000), or in the case of a joint return filed by a

1	husband and wife, subtract for each spouse two thousand
2	dollars (\$2,000); and
3	(C) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009
4	four thousand dollars (\$4,000), or in the case of a join
5	return filed by a husband and wife, subtract for each
6	spouse four thousand dollars (\$4,000).
7	(4) Subtract:
8	(A) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2009, one
9	thousand dollars (\$1,000) for:
10	(A) (i) each of the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) or
11	the Internal Revenue Code;
12	(B) (ii) each additional amount allowable under Section
13	63(f) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
14	(C) (iii) the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is
15	made by the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar year
16	in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins, has no
17	gross income and is not the dependent of another taxpayer
18	or
19	(B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008
20	and beginning before January 1, 2010, two thousand
21	dollars (\$2,000) for:
22	(i) each of the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) of
23	the Internal Revenue Code;
24	(ii) each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f
25	of the Internal Revenue Code; and
26	(iii) the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is
27	made by the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar
28	year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins
29	has no gross income and is not the dependent of another
30	taxpayer; or
31	(C) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009
32	four thousand dollars (\$4,000) for:
33	(i) each of the exemptions provided by Section 151(c) of
34	the Internal Revenue Code;
35	(ii) each additional amount allowable under Section 63(f
36 37	of the Internal Revenue Code; and
38	(iii) the spouse of the taxpayer if a separate return is made by the taxpayer and if the spouse, for the calendar
39	year in which the taxable year of the taxpayer begins
40	has no gross income and is not the dependent of another
41	taxpayer.
42	(5) Subtract:
13	(A) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, and
+3 14	beginning before January 1, 2009, one thousand five
15	hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each of the exemptions allowed
+5 46	under Section 151(c)(1)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code (as
17	affactive January 1, 2004): and

1 (B) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, 2 and beginning before January 1, 2010, three thousand 3 dollars (\$3,000) for each of the exemptions allowed under 4 Section 151(c) of the Internal Revenue Code that is for a 5 qualifying child (as defined in Section 152(c) of the 6 Internal Revenue Code); 7 (C) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, 8 six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for each of the exemptions 9 allowed under Section 151(c) of the Internal Revenue Code 10 that is for a qualifying child (as defined in Section 152(c) of 11 the Internal Revenue Code); 12 (B) (D) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2009, 13 five hundred dollars (\$500) for each additional amount 14 allowable under Section 63(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code 15 if the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, or the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a joint return, is less 16 17 than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000); 18 (E) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, 19 and beginning before January 1, 2010, one thousand 20 dollars (\$1,000) for each additional amount allowable 21 under Section 63(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code if the 22 adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, or the taxpayer and 23 the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a joint return, is less 24 than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000); and 25 (F) for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for each additional amount 26 27 allowable under Section 63(f)(1) of the Internal Revenue 28 Code if the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer, or the 29 taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse in the case of a joint 30 return, is less than forty thousand dollars (\$40,000). 31 This amount is in addition to the amount subtracted under 32 subdivision (4). 33 (6) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of: (A) that part of the individual's adjusted gross income (as 34 35 defined in Section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code) for that 36 taxable year that is subject to a tax that is imposed by a 37 political subdivision of another state and that is imposed on or 38 measured by income; or 39 (B) two thousand dollars (\$2,000). 40 (7) Add an amount equal to the total capital gain portion of a 41 lump sum distribution (as defined in Section 402(e)(4)(D) of the 42 Internal Revenue Code) if the lump sum distribution is received

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Section 402 of the Internal Revenue Code.

by the individual during the taxable year and if the capital gain

portion of the distribution is taxed in the manner provided in

(8) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross

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1	income under Section 111 of the Internal Revenue Code as a
2	recovery of items previously deducted as an itemized deduction
3	from adjusted gross income.
4	(9) Subtract any amounts included in federal adjusted gross
5	income under the Internal Revenue Code which amounts were
6	received by the individual as supplemental railroad retirement
7	annuities under 45 U.S.C. 231 and which are not deductible under
8	subdivision (1).
9	(10) Add an amount equal to the deduction allowed under Section
10	221 of the Internal Revenue Code for married couples filing joint
11	returns if the taxable year began before January 1, 1987.
12	(11) Add an amount equal to the interest excluded from federal
13	gross income by the individual for the taxable year under Section
14	128 of the Internal Revenue Code if the taxable year began before
15	January 1, 1985.
16	(12) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of federal Social
17	Security and Railroad Retirement benefits included in a taxpayer's
18	federal gross income by Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code.
19	(13) In the case of a nonresident taxpayer or a resident taxpayer
20	residing in Indiana for a period of less than the taxpayer's entire
21	taxable year, the total amount of the deductions allowed pursuant
22	to subdivisions (3), (4), (5), and (6) shall be reduced to an amount
23	which bears the same ratio to the total as the taxpayer's income
24	taxable in Indiana bears to the taxpayer's total income.
25	(14) In the case of an individual who is a recipient of assistance
26	under IC 12-10-6-1, IC 12-10-6-2.1, IC 12-15-2-2, or IC 12-15-7,
27	subtract an amount equal to that portion of the individual's
28	adjusted gross income with respect to which the individual is not
29	allowed under federal law to retain an amount to pay state and
30	local income taxes.
31	(15) In the case of an eligible individual, subtract the amount of
32	a Holocaust victim's settlement payment included in the
33	individual's federal adjusted gross income.
34	(16) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999,
35	subtract an amount equal to the portion of any premiums paid
36	during the taxable year by the taxpayer for a qualified long term
37	care policy (as defined in IC 12-15-39.6-5) for the taxpayer or the
38	taxpayer's spouse, or both.
39	(17) Subtract an amount equal to the lesser of:
40	(A) for a taxable year:
41	(i) including any part of 2004, the amount determined under
42	subsection (f); and
43	(ii) beginning after December 31, 2004, two thousand five
44	hundred dollars (\$2,500); or
45	(B) the amount of property taxes that are paid during the
46	taxable year in Indiana by the individual on the individual's

1 principal place of residence. 2 (18) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11 3 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the individual's 4 federal adjusted gross income. 5 (19) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted 6 gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus 7 depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an 8 earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income 9 that would have been computed had an election not been made 10 under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus 11 depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in 12 service. 13 (20) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under 14 Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code. 15 (21) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted 16 gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service 17 18 in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to 19 the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been 20 computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not 21 been made for the year in which the property was placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal 22 23 Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand 2.4 dollars (\$25,000). 25 (22) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed 26 as a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable 27 year under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal 28 income tax purposes. 29 (23) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of the taxpayer's 30 qualified military income that was not excluded from the 31 taxpayer's gross income for federal income tax purposes under 32 Section 112 of the Internal Revenue Code. 33 (23) (24) Subtract income that is: 34 (A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and (B) included in the individual's federal adjusted gross income 35 under the Internal Revenue Code. 36 37 (b) In the case of corporations, the same as "taxable income" (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as 38 39 follows: 40 (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article 41 by the Constitution and statutes of the United States. 42 (2) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed 43 or allowable pursuant to Section 170 of the Internal Revenue 44 Code. 45 (3) Add an amount equal to any deduction or deductions allowed 46 or allowable pursuant to Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code

for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state level by any state of the United States.

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- (4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the corporation's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service.
- (6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the property was placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
- (8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes.
- (9) Add to the extent required by IC 6-3-2-20 the amount of intangible expenses (as defined in IC 6-3-2-20) and any directly related intangible interest expenses (as defined in IC 6-3-2-20) for the taxable year that reduced the corporation's taxable income (as defined in Section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code) for federal income tax purposes.
- (10) Add an amount equal to any deduction for dividends paid (as defined in Section 561 of the Internal Revenue Code) to shareholders of a captive real estate investment trust (as defined in section 34.5 of this chapter).

(10) (11) Subtract income that is:

- (A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and
- (B) included in the corporation's taxable income under the Internal Revenue Code.
- (c) In the case of life insurance companies (as defined in Section 816(a) of the Internal Revenue Code) that are organized under Indiana law, the same as "life insurance company taxable income" (as defined

1	in Section 801 of the Internal Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
2	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
3	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
4	(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable
5	under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.
6	(3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable
7	under Section 805 or Section 831(c) of the Internal Revenue Code
8	for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state
9	level by any state.
10	(4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the
11	company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Interna
12	Revenue Code.
13	(5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
14	gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus
15	depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in ar
16	earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income
17	that would have been computed had an election not been made
18	under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus
19	depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in
20	service.
21	(6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section
22	172 or Section 810 of the Internal Revenue Code.
23	(7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted
24	gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as
25	defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service
26	in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to
27	the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been
28	computed had an election for federal income tax purposes no
29	been made for the year in which the property was placed in
30	service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Interna
31	Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand
32	dollars (\$25,000).
33	(8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as
34	a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year
35	under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federa
36	income tax purposes.
37	(9) Subtract income that is:
38	(A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and
39	(B) included in the insurance company's taxable income under
40	the Internal Revenue Code.
41	(d) In the case of insurance companies subject to tax under Section
42	831 of the Internal Revenue Code and organized under Indiana law, the
43	same as "taxable income" (as defined in Section 832 of the Interna
14	Revenue Code), adjusted as follows:
45	(1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article
46	by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.

(2) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed or allowable under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code.

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- (3) Add an amount equal to a deduction allowed or allowable under Section 805 or Section 831(c) of the Internal Revenue Code for taxes based on or measured by income and levied at the state level by any state.
- (4) Subtract an amount equal to the amount included in the company's taxable income under Section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service.
- (6) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (7) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the property was placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
- (8) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes.
- (9) Subtract income that is:
 - (A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and
- (B) included in the insurance company's taxable income under the Internal Revenue Code.
- (e) In the case of trusts and estates, "taxable income" (as defined for trusts and estates in Section 641(b) of the Internal Revenue Code) adjusted as follows:
 - (1) Subtract income that is exempt from taxation under this article by the Constitution and statutes of the United States.
 - (2) Subtract an amount equal to the amount of a September 11 terrorist attack settlement payment included in the federal adjusted gross income of the estate of a victim of the September 11 terrorist attack or a trust to the extent the trust benefits a victim

of the September 11 terrorist attack.

Add or subtract the amount nec

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- (3) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that owns property for which bonus depreciation was allowed in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election not been made under Section 168(k) of the Internal Revenue Code to apply bonus depreciation to the property in the year that it was placed in service.
- (4) Add an amount equal to any deduction allowed under Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (5) Add or subtract the amount necessary to make the adjusted gross income of any taxpayer that placed Section 179 property (as defined in Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code) in service in the current taxable year or in an earlier taxable year equal to the amount of adjusted gross income that would have been computed had an election for federal income tax purposes not been made for the year in which the property was placed in service to take deductions under Section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code in a total amount exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000).
- (6) Add an amount equal to the amount that a taxpayer claimed as a deduction for domestic production activities for the taxable year under Section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code for federal income tax purposes.
- (7) Subtract income that is:
 - (A) exempt from taxation under IC 6-3-2-21.7; and
 - (B) included in the taxpayer's taxable income under the Internal Revenue Code.
- (f) This subsection applies only to the extent that an individual paid property taxes in 2004 that were imposed for the March 1, 2002, assessment date or the January 15, 2003, assessment date. The maximum amount of the deduction under subsection (a)(17) is equal to the amount determined under STEP FIVE of the following formula:
 - STEP ONE: Determine the amount of property taxes that the taxpayer paid after December 31, 2003, in the taxable year for property taxes imposed for the March 1, 2002, assessment date and the January 15, 2003, assessment date.
- STEP TWO: Determine the amount of property taxes that the taxpayer paid in the taxable year for the March 1, 2003, assessment date and the January 15, 2004, assessment date.
- STEP THREE: Determine the result of the STEP ONE amount divided by the STEP TWO amount.
- STEP FOUR: Multiply the STEP THREE amount by two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).
- 46 STEP FIVE: Determine the sum of the STEP FOUR amount and

1	two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).".
2	Page 19, between lines 12 and 13, begin a new paragraph and insert:
3	"SECTION 16. [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2009] IC 6-3-1-3.5, as
4	amended by this act, applies only to taxable years beginning after
5	December 31, 2008.".
6	Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.
	(Reference is to HB 1293 as printed January 25, 2008.)
	Representative Brown T